making its second ascent. On the 2nd of August Göttner and Rosenschon ascended the Col between the Ifilisis-mta and Double Peak from the Zea Glacier, and climbed both Tfilisis-mta, probable first ascent, and the south summit of Double Peak, and then to the higher north summit, in probability also a first ascent. During this time the other two succeeded in making the second ascent of the high summit of Songuta Khokh and the probable first ascent of the lower north summit. The entire party, then on July 24th effected the first ascent of Uilpata, the highest peak of the group.

During an ascent of Elbruz Rosenschon was taken ill and sent to the military hospital of Terskol where he quickly recovered. The other three with a Russian climber, Georgi Charlamhiev, set out, however, for an attempt on Ushba, and spent from the 10th to the 13th traversing Ushba from south to north, the second time the mountain has been traversed, and in the reverse direction from the original traverse by Pfannl in 1903. This is one of the outstanding climbs in the Caucausus for many years. Following this success Schmaderer and Rosenschon returned home while the other two joined the Austrian scientific expedition in the Benzingi group for a few more days climbing.

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The Austrian Scientific Expedition. This group under the leadership of Prof. Hermann Mark, and comprising Peter and Josef Schintlmeister and Eugen Baroni went out primarily to make observations on the "heavy water" content of the glacial regions of the Caucausus. Such observations had already been made on the Aletsch Glacier and at the Jungfraujoch, but it was desirable to confirm them in the heavily glaciated regions around Elbruz and in the Bezingi Valley. In the course of these investigations both summits of Elbruz were climbed and also three rock peaks southeast of Elbruz, one of which did not appear to have been climbed before. In Krugasor they were joined by Göttner and Vörg of the Munich party, and together journeyed to Misses Kosh in the Bezingi Valley. From here these two with the brothers Schmitlmeister made the ascent of Dykhtau by a new route over the northwest ridge. Descending by the north ridge the party met the Russian mountaineer Semenovsky who reached the summit the same day; while the previous day during the ascent the Polish party had been on the summit. An attempt on Koshtantau was given up because of approaching storm, and operations moved to the eastern Caucausus where Kasbek was climbed.

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Polish Caucausus Expedition. This party composed of Prof. Marjan Sokolowsky, Jacob Bujak, Stefan and Tadeus Bernadzikiewicz, Roman Wojsznis, Boleslaw Chwascinsky, Victor Ostrowski and Tadeusz Wisniewski effected a number of climbs, among