A small group of members of the Colorado Mountain Club have organized the Colorado Arlburg Ski Club, members of which have done, and plan to continue, a certain amount of mountaineering on skis.

A mountaineering club is being organized in Wyoming.

The second ascent of the most difficult peak in Colorado, the Lizard Head, 13,156 feet, was accomplished on June 9, 1929, by Harold G. Wilm and Dobson West. The first ascent was made by Albert Ellingwood, accompanied by Barton Hoag, in 1920. The second ascent was made with a hundred and eighty feet of rope, spikes, karabiner and roping-off rings. The climbers followed Ellingwood's route, finding his rope and three of his spikes. The last few hundred feet required two hours and a quarter on the ascent and about an hour and a half on the descent. An illustrated account will be found in *Trail and Timberline*, No. 130, August, 1929.

Mt. Wilson, 14,250, and Wilson Peak, 14,026, were ascended by a party of the Colorado Mountain Club early in July, 1929. The former is not an easy peak and has not been fully explored by climbers. It is thought that an unnamed peak about one or two miles west of these two peaks is over 14,000 feet. It has probably never been ascended.

The first ascent of Lindbergh Peak, an impressive spire in the Hell Hole region, the summit of which attains the altitude of 12,-000 feet, was made September 1, 1929, by Carl A. Blaurock, William F. Ervin and Stephen H. Hart. There are a number of sharp summits in this region and many new routes are available to the mountaineer. This peak in particular is well known and has been attempted several times. The route chosen culminates in a sharp and spectacular ridge. From any other direction the ascent should prove quite difficult.

A hotel for skiers, Jim Creek Lodge, has been opened at West Portal, Colorado, on the western slope of the Continental Divide. It is reached in two and one-half hours from Denver by the Moffat