

honorary member, who edited the *Alpine Journal* from 1927 to 1937, succeeding Captain Farrar, and served as President of the Alpine Club from 1935 to 1938.

Born in 1874, he was educated at Christ Church, Oxford, and Innsbruck University. His holidays were given over to climbing, and he joined the Alpine Club at the age of 21. He was also a member of Sektion Bernina of the Swiss Alpine Club.

During the Boer War Strutt served with the Royal Scots, 1900-02 (dispatches, Queen's Medal and four clasps, King's Medal and two clasps). In the years thereafter, his climbs in eastern Switzerland gave rise to *The Alps of the Bernina* (Part II, from the Muretto to the Bernina Pass, in the Conway and Coolidge series of climbers' guides, 1910). He married Florence Nina Hollond in 1905.

In the period 1916-17 he was Field-Marshal Milne's principal liaison officer with French headquarters at Salonika, and for his services in the war received many decorations and honors (D.S.O., 1917; C.B.E., 1919). In March 1919, as an officer of the Allied Council in Vienna, he escorted the Austrian Imperial Family to safety in Switzerland. In 1920 he became High Commissioner at Danzig.

On the Mount Everest expedition of 1922 he was second in command to General Bruce. His last visit to Switzerland was in May 1946, when he addressed a gathering of mountaineers at Zürich. His mountaineering career exerted a great influence upon international circles and his friendship will be well remembered.

J. M. T.

**MORRISON PARSONS BRIDGLAND**  
**1878-1948**

Morrison Parsons Bridgland was a Canadian surveyor and a lover of mountains who had been a member of the American Alpine Club since 1903. A full account of his climbing is given in our *Annals*.<sup>1</sup> He was born at Fairbanks, Ontario, on 20 December 1878, and died in Toronto on 15 January 1948.

After graduation from the University of Toronto and a year in the School of Practical Science, he went west as assistant to the late A. O. Wheeler. In 1910 he was placed in charge of the triangu-

<sup>1</sup> *A.A.J.*, VI (1947), 345-8.

lation surveys in the Railway Belt of British Columbia and was almost continuously engaged in mountain assignments until 1931, when work on the Interprovincial Boundary Survey was terminated.

He came to the early camps of the Alpine Club of Canada with a great experience of the local mountains and was in charge of the climbing for a number of years, giving much painstaking work to the education of young mountaineers.

He was the author of an authoritative treatise on photographic surveying, and produced with E. Deville the *Description and Guide of Jasper Park*, based largely on his field work of 1915. He was an original member of the Alpine Club of Canada, and its vice-president from 1908 to 1911. A fine peak north of Yellowhead Pass, visible from the railroad, worthily bears his name.

J. M. T.

**ROLLIN THOMAS CHAMBERLIN**  
**1881-1948**

When Professor Chamberlin was a student in Switzerland in 1900 he made his first ascent, the Titlis, alone. In 1939 he climbed Hungabee, a difficult peak of the Canadian Rockies. These are the boundaries of the mountaineering career of one of America's most distinguished geologists. One would like to present the climbing record in more detail, but several highlights must suffice: Orizaba in 1906, when A. P. Coleman and H. F. Reid accompanied him after the sessions of the International Geological Congress; the summer of 1921 when he ascended major peaks of the Pennine Alps; the seasons of 1924 and 1927 when he and Allen Carpé gained the highest summits of the Cariboos.

Rollin Thomas Chamberlin was born in Beloit, Wis., on 20 October 1881, and died in Chicago on 6 March 1948. He was the son of Thomas Chowder Chamberlin, and took his name from him as well as from Rollin Salisbury, both of whom held the chair of geology at the University of Chicago. Thus his future career was well augured. He studied at the Universities of Geneva and Zürich in 1899-1900. He received the degree of B.S. at the University of Chicago in 1903, of Ph.D. in 1907, and of Sc.D. from Beloit College in 1929. In 1922 he married Dorothy Ingalls Smith.

Chamberlin served in the U. S. Geological Survey, 1907-08, and

ROLLIN THOMAS CHAMBERLIN

*Photo, Underwood and Underwood*