Peaks above Darrah-i-Shahran. An Italian expedition also climbed above the Darrah-i-Shahran. On August 6 E. Barbero, A. Bonomi and L. Ratto made the second ascent of Djuk Deh Ambi (18,436 feet), continued along the ridge to make the second ascent of Djuk Deh Ambi South (18,373 feet) and along the south ridge over two peaks of 18,307 and 18,242 feet. On the 7th S. Giraudi, G. Ratti and G. Visini climbed P 5541 (18,180 feet) from the east, a new route and second ascent. On the 8th the same climbers made the second ascent of what earlier German climbers had called "Fünfseenspitze" (Five Lake Peak; 17,805 feet) by the northeast ridge traversing summits of 17,717, 17,389, 17,454 and 17,717 feet. Bonomi and Ratto made the second ascent of the southwest peak (19,685 feet) of Koh-i-Sisgeikh on August 10 by a new route, the northwest ice couloirs. On the 12th Barbero and Ratto made the first ascent of P 5421 (17,785 feet) over the 17,717-foot peak which lies to the southeast.

## WOLFGANG FREY, Naturfreunde

P 5881, Munjan-Bashgal. The Americans Jack and Jeff Dozier on August 11 made the second ascent via the north ridge of P 5881 (19,295 feet), which had previously been climbed by the German Naturfreunde expedition.

Bandaka. The Chuhoh University Expedition from Tokyo was led by Katsumasa Itakura; other members were Hiroshi Katayama, Kuniharu Ichikawa, Seiten Hirota, Keifu Odani and Yukinori Isobe. Ichikawa and Hirota made the sixth ascent of Bandaka (22,450 feet) on July 7. On July 15 Katayama, Ichikawa, Hirota and Isobe made the fifth ascent of Koh-e-Ka-Safed (20,315 feet).

## ICHIRO YOSHIZAWA, Japanese Alpine Club

Bandaka, 1966. Too late for inclusion in A.A.J., 1967 came word of an unsuccessful attempt on Bandaka. A group of students from Marseille, Vincent Bourges, P. Vidaillet, G. Dawson, F. Menniot and R. Lankester, failed about 500 feet from the summit after establishing two high camps.

Koh-i-Yajun. The five-man Hiroshima University Hindu Kush Expedition was led by Toshoio Ohtani. They left Kabul on July 11 and on July 22 reached Nao in the Munjan valley four kilometers downstream from where the Yajun empties into the Munjan. Base Camp was established on July 25 at 10,000 feet near the mouth of the Yajun valley. Camp I was on the glacier at 13,950 feet. They pitched Camp II at 17,225 feet on July 30. On the 31st, driving pitons, they climbed up to