of the roped climbing. Several hundred feet of scrambling including a knife-edge traverse took us to the top. Time: five hours from the car. F7, Al. A selection of small nuts plus a blade or two are sufficient. This route probably involves less roped climbing than any other on the dome.

BILL FRYBERGER, Unaffiliated

Forbidden Peak, Northwest Face. This very aesthetic alpine route combines a good short ice climb on the west face of the north ridge with the very enjoyable rock climbing of the upper north-ridge route. The ice face is composed of two sections divided by a narrow constriction, the upper section ending at the cornice in the middle of the north ridge. After an initial difficult bergschrund the route consisted of approximately 900 feet of front pointing on hard, brittle ice covered by a thin layer of fresh snow reaching an angle of 50° on the upper section. This face had been entirely exposed ice the year before so it seems that this route should provide a good ice climb most years late in the season. Three hours were sufficient for a solo ascent from the Forbidden Glacier to the summit. Climb completed, August 23.

JOHN TEASDALE, Unaffiliated

Copper Mountain. The highest (7840 feet) and most southerly peak of the Liberty Bell—Early Winters Spires ridge system, this pleasant but obscure peak may be approached via a cross-country scramble from the North Cross State Highway. From Kangaroo Pass George Mustoe and I traversed across talus and snow to reach the south ridge. After several hundred feet of unstable rock, the ridge becomes a narrow granite arête which is ascended to the south summit. From here the higher north peak is an easy stroll. Class 3-4. 5 hours up. The only previous ascent appeared to be via helicopter in 1962 by a U.S.G.S. party. Peak 7565 ("Pica Peak"), the pyramid prominently visible to the south from the meadows at the head of Early Winters Creek, proved to be an easy ascent by the southeast ridge, with the short final pitch offering the only real climbing.

KREIG McBride, Unaffiliated

Cutthroat Peak. In August, Hugh Sincock and I climbed a new route on the southwest side of Cutthroat Peak. This is a clean, winding gully that joins the west ridge just below the summit. It is the second gully right (south) of the ridge. The climbing is easy class 5 on slabs that are generally solid, sometimes flaky, and always shy on cracks. Two much more difficult-looking steps were bypassed on the left. From the ridge crest we joined the original route by climbing to the ledge behind the prominent gendarme via a short wall to its right.

Doug Jones, Unaffiliated