

magnificent, almost windless day: four Italians, a Czechoslovakian, a Frenchman and two Swiss. It had taken Fuster and Zemp 3½ days from Base to top and it took another 1½ to descend. Weeks later, during a debriefing session at the Ministry of Tourism in Islamabad, the Swiss were asked to pay another Rs. 45,000 for having climbed K2 by a route other than the one specified in our official permit. Since none of us had that much money, the Ministry threatened Fuster and Zemp with a four-year ban. The successful new route of Kukuczka and Piotrowski and the tragic death of Piotrowski are covered elsewhere in this *Journal*.

NORMAN DYHRENFURTH

*K2, Abruzzi Ridge.* Our expedition had 19 members. An advance party of four accompanied 290 porters and got to Base Camp on June 20. The main party reached Base Camp on June 23. We set up Advance Base at 5300 meters on June 25. We established Camps I, II and III at 6200, 6800 and 7350 meters on June 27, July 3 and 8. We tried to occupy Camp IV at about 8000 meters, but bad weather drove us back. A five-man summit team started on July 16 but with bad weather our attack failed. On July 30 Jang Bong-Wan, Kim Chang-Sun and Jang Byong-Ho left Base Camp and on August 2 set up Camp IV at 8000 meters. On August 3 they left Camp IV for the summit, while seven other climbers stayed in their tents. Each Korean had one cylinder of oxygen, used on the ascent but not the descent. They reached the summit at 4:16 P.M. An hour later two Poles and a Czech also got to the summit. Wojciech Wróż slipped, fell and was killed at 8200 meters on the descent. Possibly he rappelled off the end of a fixed rope. On August 4 our team descended to Advance Base.

KIM BYUNG-JOON, *Korean Alpine Federation*

*Broad Peak, Gasherbrum II and Southeast Face of K2.* Our expedition consisted of Viktor Grošelj, leader, Bogdan Biščak, Rado Fabjan, Žare Gugej, Tomaš Jamnik, Dušan Jelinčič, Silvo Karo, Pavle Kozjek, Ničo Kregar, Matevš Lenarčič, Mojmir Štangelj, Andrej and Marija Štremfelj and me. We established our first Base Camp at 4900 meters at the foot of Broad Peak on July 8 and Camps I and II at 6200 and 7000 meters on July 11 and 16. The next day four of us climbed to 7500 meters but abandoned the attempt due to bad weather and deep snow. We established Camp III at 7500 meters on July 26 and on the 28th Grošelj and Biščak reached the summit of Broad Peak. The next day Fabjan, Jamnik, Andrej and Marija Štremfelj got to the top. The latter was the first Yugoslavian woman to climb an 8000er. That same day, I soloed to the top from Base Camp in 19 hours. Kozjek reached the top solo on July 30. The last party, Jelinčič, Karo, Lenarčič and Štangelj, succeeded on August 4. Quickly after the success on Broad Peak, Biščak, Grošelj, Kozjek and Andrej Štremfelj launched an alpine-style climb on Gasherbrum II. They made the round-trip from a different Base Camp in 32 hours. From a bivouac on the plateau, they reached the