ridge at 4700 meters on July 10. We moved up the next day to Camp II at 5100 meters. After a day of bad weather, on July 13 we moved to Camp III at the top of the rock pillar at 5350 meters. Up to Camp III it was climbing on good rock with difficulties up to 5.10, A2. On July 14 we fixed rope to Camp IV at 5650 meters and moved up there the next day, fixing 300 more meters of rope. On the 16th we moved up to Camp V at 6050 meters. From Camps III to V it was mostly ice climbing. The mixed climbing to Camp VI at 6400 meters was difficult and we occupied the camp only on July 18. Snow began to fall, piling up $2\frac{1}{2}$ meters in eight days. We made one foray up 100 meters. On July 27 two of us climbed 150 meters, but again it began to snow. On the 28th, still in bad weather, we gave up the attempt. We had been on half rations for the last eight days.

FRED HUSØY, Norsk Tindeklub

Braldu Brakk Attempt. French climbers led by Claude Nizon unsuccessfully attempted to climb Braldu Brakk. Details are missing.

Rakaposhi, Northwest Ridge. Our expedition made the second ascent of the northwest ridge, partly by a new route, and the sixth ascent of the peak. We were Dries Nijsen, leader, Ton van den Boogaard, Rudolf de Koning, Mathieu van Rijswick and I. We reached Base Camp at 3700 meters on July 15 and Camp I at 4800 meters on July 18. From there we climbed a shorter route to the right of the 1964 attempt to get to the ridge at 6000 meters, where it joined the Polish route of 1979. Because of heavy snowfall, it was not until July 30 that Camp II was placed at 5500 meters. Camp III was established on August 3 at 6350 at the end of the difficulties. Up to there we had fixed 800 meters of rope. Then our luck changed. The weather went bad. Camp I was destroyed by an ice avalanche. Camp II disappeared under heavy snow. Nijsen got cerebral edema. It was not until August 14 that we reached Camp III again. Van Rijswick lost his pack and I suffered from continuous nausea. Van de Boogaard and de Koning moved under the summit pyramid as the Poles had to the southwest ridge and on August 17 reached the summit (7788 meters, 25,550 feet).

ROBERT ECKHARDT, Koninklijke Nederlandse Alpen Vereniging

P 19,200 Between Bualtar and Barpu Glaciers. Our expedition was composed of Colonel Richard H. Hardie, Captain John James F. Farquharson, Lieutenant Peter Robson, Lance Corporal Anthony Williams, Troopers Stephen Williams, Simon Prince and Ulrich Romf and me as leader. Our objective was an unnamed peak of 19,200 feet (5852 meters) in the Rakaposhi Range of the Karakoram. [The mountain climbed lies 16 miles due west of Rakaposhi. It is just south of a peak which is shown on Baltit NJ 43-14 Series U502 of the US Army Map Service as being 19,625 feet (5982 meters) high. On many other maps, however, the altitude of the latter peak is given as 5669 meters (18,600 feet). The peak climbed may therefore be somewhat lower than 19,200 feet.—Editor.] All British members reached the summit via the northwest