placed Base Camp at 4650 meters a kilometer from the end of the Kellhuani valley. On May 27, they all climbed a 5000-meter peak north of Base Camp. On May 28, they ascended both peaks of the highest mountain north of Base Camp. They climbed the south buttress and southwest ridge of the lower western summit (c. 5420 meters) and traversed to the eastern summit (c. 5470 meters). On May 29, Georg Seifried soloed a number of peaks east of Base Camp. He ascended a valley that divides Thojo Loma from Patapatani, turned south over a foresummit to climb Thojo Loma (5174 meters) and continued southwest to another foresummit. From there he crossed the southeastern slopes of Thojo Loma to a 5050-meter col north of Patapatani. He climbed the east ridge of the peak west of the col (c. 5170 meters). He completed a long day by making the second ascent of Patapatani (5452 meters) by its north ridge. On June 1, Wagner climbed Thojo Loma and P 5170. That same day, the Seifried brothers ascended a peak (c. 5260 meters) north of Base Camp by its rather difficult southwest buttress. On June 2, the two Seifrieds made a new route, the southeast face and southeast ridge of Chearoco (6134 meters). This is probably the fourth different route on this peak. They climbed to the 5000-meter Chearoco Pass. After crossing a crevassed area, they gained the southeast ridge at 5500 meters. They then left the Cordillera Real and traveled to Sajama to camp at 5060 meters below the southwest ridge. On June 4, they all three climbed Sajama 6542 meters) by its east buttress. To reach the foot of the buttress at 4800 meters, they had a 3½ hour traverse. Nearly vertical ice at 5850 meters was the most difficult part. They feel this was a new route. They descended the south ridge. (We are also grateful to Georg Seifried for this report.)

Haucaña, Hancopiti and Illampu, Cordillera Real, 1986. Six Polish climbers led by Waldemar Zmurko made eleven alpine-style ascents in June 1986, including three new routes in the Ancohuma group: Haucaña (6206 meters, 20,360 feet) via 45° to 50° west face on June 12, 1986 by Lech Badzyński, Maciej Marczak, Adam Pierzyński and Zmurko; Hancopiti I (5867 meters, 19,249 feet) via the 55° to 60° center of the northwest face on June 13 by Marek Koszelak and Krzysztof Wesołek; and Illampu (6362 meters, 20,873 feet) via the 45° to 60° left side of the south face on June 16 and 17 by Marczak and Zmurko.

JÓZEF NYKA, Editor, Taternik, Poland

Araca and Choquetango Groups, Quimsa Cruz. This expedition of Germans was led by Hermann Wolf and composed of Rudi Bülter, Georg Fichtner, Christian Griesshammer, Peter Hacker, Karl-Heinz Hetz, Widukind Langenmaier, Michael Lentrodt, Michael Magerer, Gerhard Rebitzer, Georg tom Felde and Christof Wittmann. They also invited five Bolivians to join them full-time: Juan Carlos Andia, José Camarlinghi, José Miranda, Javier and José Thellaeche. With them for part of the expedition were Juan Bustamante,