Tilitso Attempt. Our expedition was composed of Dr. Josep Barrachina, Francesc Albera, Lluis López, Conrad López and me as leader. We left Dumre on March 10 with 40 porters. Seven days later we got to Kangsar and to Base Camp on March 28 at 4910 meters after crossing the frozen lake. Advance Base was set up two days later at 5100 meters. We started up the French route, the north spur, on Tilitso on April 7. Camp I was established the next day at 6100 meters. On the 9th Barrachina and Tashi Sherpa set out for the summit and got to within 100 meters of it, but the weather was so bad that they turned back. Strong winds destroyed Camp I and Advance Base. It was difficult to get back to Base Camp and we lost much material. We waited for a week but the weather continued bad. On April 14 we crossed the Messo Kanto Pass and descended to the Kali Gandaki valley.

JORDI COLOMER, Unió Excursionista de Catalunya, Spain

*Tilitso Attempt*. Swiss climbers, Bruno Zaugg and Marco Battaglia, climbed for only two days on Tilitso's northeast spur, carrying supplies up from Base Camp to 5800 meters. On October 3, they decided that the snow conditions were too unsafe to continue.

MICHAEL J. CHENEY, Himalayan Club, and ELIZABETH HAWLEY

*Tukuche*. Three members of this Spanish Catalan team, Pere Giro, José María Jane and leader Lluis Gómez, reached the summit on October 4. They believe they were the first to ski a part of their ascent and descent of Tukuche. They skied from Camp I at 5520 meters to Camp II at 6120 meters and down again. This was done by all 11 members and their Sherpa sirdar. There was no snow at Base Camp and above Camp II the terrain was too difficult for skiing. They climbed the northwest ridge.

MICHAEL J. CHENEY, Himalayan Club, and ELIZABETH HAWLEY

Sita Chuchura (Tukuche West) Attempt. Eric Delcasso led this eight-man French expedition. Three climbers and the sirdar ascended nearby 6000-meter summits and then four climbers and the sirdar devoted their attention to Sita Chuchura while the other members stayed at lower altitudes because of some altitude illness and deep snow between the Dhampus and French Passes. Jean-François Rouys and Kami Tenzing Sherpa got to 6000 meters on Sita Chuchura's south-ridge-to-east-ridge route on October 29, but they decided that it was impossible to climb the final sérac on the last ice face without fixing rope; they had no rope and gear for fixing.

MICHAEL J. CHENEY, Himalayan Club, and ELIZABETH HAWLEY

Dhaulagiri Attempt. A nine-man Japanese expedition led by Masakatsu Nakamura attempted the normal northeast ridge of Dhaulagiri. Strong winds