climbed Gunnsbjørns Fjeld (3708 meters, 12,166 feet) from the southwest. On July 27, we started the 500-kilometer journey to Mont Forel with 80 kilograms on each sled. We traveled 200 kilometers out onto the icecap through mountainous country. We crossed the Christian IV Glacier in a southwesterly direction. We used the same route as the 1987 English expedition to the Sorgenfri Glacier. The 100 kilometers from the west side of the upper Frederiksborg Glacier to the northern part of the Prince of Wales Glacier was over new territory. On August 9, we reached the icecap. We then followed the 1934 Trans-Greenland route of Martin Lindsay. After three days of bad weather and crevasse problems, the weather cleared and it got colder, down to -30° C. Biurman had increasing pain in his chest. On August 23, we called for a helicopter from Angssalik to evacuate him. We other three continued to Mont Forel 100 kilometers away. On August 29, we climbed Forel (3360 meters, 11,024 feet) by a new route from the north up a 500-meter-high 40° snow face. The seven-day route down to Kungmiut was over big glaciers with dangerous crevasses. Being free of snow, there were no snow bridges. We threw our sleds away in a crevasse on the Paris Glacier and back-packed from there. We had covered 730 kilometers and climbed both peaks.

BENGT RODIN, Svenska Klätterforbundet

Gunnsbjørns Fjeld. Our members were Swiss Dr. Milan Cermak and Germans Peter Koschi and me. We had hoped to fly from Isafjordur by ski-equipped Twin Otter to the Christian IV Glacier. Just before us, a Swedish group flew there. On the pilot's return, he refused to fly back because of bad snow conditions. We joined together with a group of Canadian geologists who were seeking gold and platinum near Sødalen. They took us to Sødalen in their Twin Otter, which had big wheels. They had chartered a helicopter, which would also fly us to the Christian IV Glacier. The first attempt to land there was unsuccessful because of zero visibility but we did manage to be landed on July 30. Because the weather this year was so bad, we decided to set out as it cleared in the evening. We climbed through the night and got to the summit of Gunnsbjørns Fjeld at eight A.M. of August 1.

GERHARD SCHMATZ, Deutscher Alpenverein

Snehätten, West Greenland Correction. On page 154 of AAJ, 1988, an ascent of Snehätten was given. A previous modern ascent was made by Baird and Longstaff. (See, AAJ, 1950, vol. 58, page 196.)

MEXICO

Serpent's Head, Orizaba. On January 10, from the hut on the west side of Orizaba, Wink Barrons and I made a new route by the rightmost (southernmost) waterfall on the cliff below the Sarcófago. We soloed three rope-lengths at the