

climbing, but this built up dangerous séracs. The other members of the expedition were leader Ola Hillberg, Anders Nygren, Erik Ringius and I.

MAGNUS NILSSON, *Skånes Climbing Club, Sweden*

*Nuating Peak Attempt.* Italians attempted to climb Nuating Peak (5813 meters, 19,072 feet), which rises between Biarchedi and Mitre Peak. Ferruccio Avelli, Antonio Longo, Teresa Messere, Marco Milani and Matteo Pellegrini arrived at their Base Camp near Concordia on the Baltoro Glacier on August 11. They attempted the central summit of the triple peak, climbing 27 pitches of considerable difficulty. The final attempt was made from a hanging bivouac. Still 150 meters from the top and 300 meters above their bivouac, they turned back to avoid being benighted.

*Trinity Peak Attempt.* Trinity Peak (c. 6800 meters, 22,310 feet) lies at the head of the Chogolisa Glacier, three days' walk from the roadhead village of Hushe. We had hoped to climb the dramatic central spur of the southeast face. The vertical rise from the foot of the face is 1800 meters. We were Mark Miller, Colin Jamieson, Kevin Murphy, Duncan Talbert. Graham Lipp, Ronnie Robb and I as leader. We established Base Camp and Advance Base at 4300 and 4700 meters on August 30 and September 7. Miller and I were carrying loads above Advance Base to the left of a *rognon* where we were involved in a sérac fall. While getting out of the way, I fell and dislocated my shoulder and sprained my ankle. The others found a safe route to the right of the *rognon*, fixed rope and on September 10 established Camp I at 5200 meters. Miller and Jamieson climbed to a 6000-meter subsidiary point on the ridge on the 12th. Alpine-style attempts on September 19 and 24 failed in bad weather. On the 26th, the mountain was abandoned and camps stripped since winter seemed to have set in.

VICTOR RADVILS, *England*

*Kanjut Sar II.* On July 29, we made the second ascent of Kanjut Sar II (6831 meters, 22,411 feet) by a new route, the south buttress. The peak had been climbed by Swiss in 1985 by the northwest side. We were Frank Schmidt, Franck van den Barselaer, Hendrik Freie, Pieter de Kam and I as leader. It took us ten days from Islamabad to reach Base Camp at 4600 meters on the Kani Basa Glacier. The first three weeks were spent acclimatizing and carrying loads to an intermediate camp at 5200 meters and to a camp at the base of the buttress at 5900 meters. After bad weather, we five started climbing on July 26, but unfortunately I had to turn back on the 28th with altitude problems. The weather remained good except for a mild snowstorm at Bivouac III. The 900-meter-high buttress was climbed alpine-style. It was mainly free and aid climbing on excellent red granite with three pitches of mixed and 200 meters of snow and ice to the top. Bivouacs were at 6300, 6450, 6600 meters and at 6500 meters on the