had been previously climbed by a different route by pre-Columbian Indians and in 1969 by an Italo-Argentine party.

MARCELO SCANU, Grupo Andino Huamán, Buenos Aires

Argentine and Chilean Patagonia

Campanile Esloveno, Above Bariloche, Northern Patagonia, 1992. February 13, 1992 was the 40th Anniversary of the first ascent of the Campanile Esloveno, which caused quite a stir when it was first done. In celebration of the event, Dinko Bertoncelj climbed "his" tower along with his sons, Bogdan and Andrej. Simultaneously, the two best Bariloche climbers, Sebastián de la Cruz and Rolo Garibotti, made a new route on that bold pinnacle.

VOJSLAV ARKO, Club Andino Bariloche

P 3385 and P 2517 near San Lorenzo, 1989. S. Scarvarda and I made the first ascent of P 3385 (11,115 feet) by its west face on November 27, 1989. We climbed it in 13 hours from Camp II on the Paso de la Cornisa. The peak lies three kilometers southwest of San Lorenzo. That same day G. Borsani and M. Bascialla climbed P 2517 (8208 feet) by the south face and west ridge. This peak lies due west of the Paso de la Cornisa and six kilometers northwest of San Lorenzo.

CORRADINO RABBI, Club Alpino Italiano

New Altitudes in the Chaltén (Fitz Roy) Area. Until now, heights in use have come from the basic survey made by Professor Luis Lliboutry, a member of the French expedition that in 1952 made the first ascent of Chaltén (Fitz Roy). His task was meritorious and accurate in most cases, despite the short time he had and difficulties imposed by the logistics of the era. Both the names Chaltén and Fitz Roy have now been officially accepted. The first was the original one, meaning "Volcano" in Tehuelche, a name given by the ancients because this remarkable rock peak is almost always crowned by a cloud cap and it was thought then that it was smoke from a possible crater. The peak was renamed Fitz Roy, after the commander of the ship *Beagle* by the Argentine explorer Mariano Moreno. [Vice-Admiral Robert Fitzroy's name is spelled on Argentine maps as noted above. —Editor] A survey by the Argentine Instituto Geográfico Militar was made a few years ago but the results were not released because of a border controversy with Chile. These new heights are now official and appear on the new maps. On Hoja (sheet) Monte Fitz Roy 4972-19, 1:100,000 are: Chaltén (Fitz Roy) 3405m (11,160'), Gorra Blanca 2907m (9539'), Marconi 2210m (7251'), Rincón 2465m (8028'), Pollone 2579m (8462'), Domo Blanco 2507m (8225'), Pier Giorgio 2719m (9821'), Poincenot 3002m (9849'), Cerro Torre