southwest face of P 5540 (18,176 feet), the peak just east of Yaypuri, wandered through the deep crevasses on the southern end of the peak to ascend it by the southeast ridge. I believe that this is the peak called "Nevado de las Vírgenes" or "Atorama Chuma."

DAKIN COOK

Nevado de las Vírgenes, Correction. In AAJ, 1993, page 174, I mistakenly called one of the peaks of the Khori Chuma group "Nevado de las Vírgenes." The details of the ascent are accurate, but after further investigation, I do not believe that P 5460 on the southeastern side of the Khori Chuma group bears that name.

Dakin Cook

Cerro Huiluco, Quimsa Cruz. Because of icy winds and snow during the "dry" Bolivian winter, traveling alone from mid June to early July, I was only able to make the second ascent of Chiar Huyo on July 2 and the first ascent of Cerro Huiluco on July 8. Chiar Huyo (5500 meters, 18,045 feet), north of Cerro Santa Rosa on the official military map, had a cairn built by mining surveyors. Huiluco (5200 meters, 17,061 feet) is the sharp, dark rock cone in the upper Atoroma valley, west of Cerro Yaipuri. I climbed the west face on good, steep rock and loose snow.

Evelio Echevarría

Chile

Nevado Anucara and Other Peaks, Northern Andes, 1993. In August, 1993, at the height of the southern winter, climbers from Valparaíso traveled to northernmost Chile. A military truck took them to Base Camp in the hamlet of Caquena at the northern end of the Lauca National Park. After an ascent of the west side of Parinacota (6348 meters, 20,828 feet), they headed for the unclimbed south side of Pomerape (6222 meters, 20,413 feet), also called Pomarata or Payachata Norte. Because of intense cold, only Darío Alfaro and Héctor Teichelman succeeded, climbing from a 5500-meter camp and the south col up the steep, icy south face. On August 27, 1993 at 9:30 P.M., they reached the top, where they had to bivouac, luckily without wind. Meanwhile, Vicente Barrera, Jorge Cisterna and José Lagos had marched north to the Nevados de Condoriri, located on the Bolivian border. Also on August 27, they made the first ascent of Anucara (5762 meters, 18,904 feet), the highest point in the range. The following day, the entire group returned to Arica.

Evelio Echevarría